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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/943,404	08/30/2001	Douglas L. Sorensen	884.438US1	8246
7	590 06/04/2004		EXAMI	NER
Eric S. Hyman, Esq.			NGUYEN, NHON D	
BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, Seventh Floor		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Los Angeles, (2174	,-
			DATE MAILED: 06/04/2004	. 5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	144		
	09/943,404	SORENSEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Nhon (Gary) D Nguyen	2174			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addre	ess		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO atute, cause the application to become a	a reply be timely filed airty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this comma ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3	0 August 2001.				
2a)☐ This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	anta hawa haan maaki sad				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Coo the attached detailed office deticit for a	iist of the octaned copies he	t roocivou.			
:					
Attachment(s)	•				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date	50)		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5</u> .	(08) 5) ∐ Notice of 6) ☐ Other: _	Informal Patent Application (PTO-15	9 2)		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office					
PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	e Action Summary	Part of Paper No./M	1ail Date 5		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities:

The phrase "determining a new at least one search result" should be changed to "determining at least a new search result".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-9, 11-13, 16, and 19-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Li et al. ("Li", US 5,911,138).

As per independent claim 1, Li teaches a method for explaining search logic and results, comprising:

presenting a presentation model (100 of fig. 3A) to explain how a system model (100 of fig. 3A) relates a plurality of search input elements ("Select * From CD_Sales" in Query Window 101 of fig. 3A) to a comparison element ("Price < 10", "Price < 14", "Name = BIG", and "store = "Fast Sales" in Query Window 101 of fig. 3A), wherein the system model is used to determine at least one search result (107 of fig. 3A);

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presenting how the system model is related to the comparison element (104 of fig. 3A); and presenting a relative importance of the system model in comparison with the comparison element (Graph Window 102 shows how important the system model is in comparison with the comparison element in the Query Window 101).

As per claim 2, which is dependent on claim 1, Li teaches presenting how parts of the system model are related to parts of the comparison element (Query 1 and Query 2 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively).

As per claim 3, which is dependent on claim 2, Li teaches presenting a relative importance of the parts of the system model in comparison with parts of the comparison element (Graph Window 102 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively).

As per claim 4, which is dependent on claim 2, Li teaches presenting how parts of each of the plurality of search input elements are related to parts of the system model (Query 1 and Query 2 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively).

As per claim 5, which is dependent on claim 4, Li teaches presenting a relative importance of the parts of the plurality of search input elements in comparison with the parts of the system model (Graph Window 102 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively).

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As per claim 6, which is dependent on claim 1, it is inherent that Li's system saves the system model.

As per claim 7, which is dependent on claim 1, Li teaches:

receiving a modification to the plurality of search input elements to create a new plurality of search input elements (fig. 3D; col. 6, lines 10-11);

determining at least a new search result (14 of fig. 3D);

updating the system model to create a new system model incorporating the modification (100 of fig. 3D);

presenting how the new system model is related to the comparison element (142 of fig. 3D); and

presenting a new relative importance of the new system model in comparison with the comparison element (102 of fig. 3D).

As per independent claim 8, Li teaches a machine for explaining search logic and results, comprising:

a processor (22 of fig. 2);

a storage device coupled to the processor (26 of fig. 2);

a search component storable on the storage device and executable on the processor to accept at least one search input element ("Select * From CD_Sales" of fig. 3A) and determine at least one search result using a system model (results1 107 of fig. 3A); and

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a presentation component storable on the storage device and executable on the processor to create a presentation of a presentation model relating the system model to one of the at least one search result (102 and 103 of fig. 3A).

As per claim 9, which is dependent on claim 8, Li teaches:

the processor is a server (col. 3, lines 14-24); and

further wherein the processor is capable of receiving the at least one search input element from a client (col. 3, lines 28-33).

As per independent claim 11, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

As per claim 12, which is dependent on claim 11, Li teaches:

presenting a contribution of parts of the comparison element to parts of the system model (Query 1 and Query 2 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively); and

presenting a relative importance of parts of the system model in comparison with parts of the comparison element (Graph Window 102 of fig. 3A and 3B respectively).

As per claim 13, which is dependent on claim 11, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 7.

As per claim 16, which is dependent on claim 11, Li teaches the application is a database application (col. 1, lines 64-67).

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As per claims 19-21, they are rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

As per claim 22, which is dependent on claim 21, it is rejected under the same rationale as claim 7.

As per independent claim 23, Li teaches a method for explaining search logic and results, comprising:

receiving a basis of a search, the basis comprising at least one item (search query 104 of fig. 3A);

presenting the basis in a retained-items list ("Price < 10", "Price < 14", "Name = BIG", and "store = "Fast Sales" in Query Window 101 of fig. 3A);

creating a similarity profile from the retained-items list (results 1 107 of fig. 3A generates similarity profile as a result from the search query 104);

generating a suggested-items list from the similarity profile, the suggested items list comprising at least one item; presenting the suggested-items list as search results (102 of fig. 3A); and

providing an option to present the similarity profile (col. 10, lines 15-36);

As per claim 24, which is dependent on claim 23, Li teaches:

receiving a selected item from the suggested-items list; receiving a request for presentation of the similarity profile for the selected item; and presenting a presentation comparing the

selected item to the similarity profile (from the search results in Graph Window 102 and Tree Window 103 of fig. 3A, creates new search presentation 130 and similarity profile 134 of fig. 3C).

As per claim 25, which is dependent on claim 24, Li teaches wherein presenting the presentation comparing the selected item to the similarity profile comprises:

computing a profile-word importance for each word in the similarity profile; presenting the profile-word importance for each word in the similarity profile; (computes from the similarity profile in the result 134 of fig. 3C, then generates graphical display in window 102 of fig. 3C to show how important of each word in the search query, such as "Price", "Name", and "store");

computing a degree of match for each word in the selected item in relation to the similarity profile using the profile-word importance; presenting the degree of match for each word in the selected item in relation to that same word in the similarity profile (computes the degree of match for each word in the query 142 of fig. 3D such as "Price > 10", "Price < 14", "Name = BIG", and "store = Fast Sales", and then presents it in the search result 14 of fig. 3D).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li in view of Hsu (US 6,374,079).

As per claim 10, which is dependent on claim 8, Li does not disclose the processor is capable of communicating in a wireless Internet environment. Hsu teaches a processor is adapted as an entry point onto network for wireless users having wireless Internet services (col. 7, line 63 – col. 8, line 8). It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to use the teaching from Hsu of processor capable of communicating in a wireless Internet environment in Li's system since it would be convenient and easy to adapt to wireless Internet technology.

6. Claims 14, 15, 17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Li

As per claims 14, 15, 17, and 18, which are all dependent on claim 11, Li does not disclose his explaining search queries are applied to electronic mail, Internet search engine, e-commerce, and document management. However, the Examiner takes Official Notice that search queries are well known for searching in electronic mail, Internet search engine, e-commerce, and document management systems. It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to modify Li's explaining search queries to implement in electronic mail, Internet search engine, e-commerce, and document management systems since it would present an overview of search presentation to users.

Conclusion

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7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US 5963938 A to Wilson, Robert D. et al. discloses automatic, context-organizing, query interface.

US 6615207 B1 to Lawrence, John Andrew discloses method of formulating and presenting search queries to a tabular database through a user-interactive computer display interface.

US 6687689 B1 to Fung, Pascale et al. discloses system and methods for document retrieval using natural language-based queries.

Inquiries

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nhon (Gary) D Nguyen whose telephone number is 703-305-8318. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8 AM to 5:30 PM with every other Monday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine L Kincaid can be reached on 703-308-0640. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nhon (Gary) Nguyen May 27, 2004 KRISTINE KINCAID
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100